

**Assignment 3**

**Due Monday 24 October 15:00** (in supervisor pigeon hole)

1. Prove that each of the following sequences tends to infinity
  - (a)  $a_n = n + 10$
  - (b)  $a_n = \sqrt{n} + \sin n$
  - (c)  $a_n = 2\sqrt{n}$
2. Prove that none of the following sequences tends to infinity
  - (a)  $a_n = 40 - \frac{1}{n}$
  - (b)  $b_n = \cos(n^2 + 7)$
  - (c)  $c_n = 2^{\sin(n\pi)}$
3. Prove that a sequence which is bounded above cannot tend to infinity.
4. A sequence is known to be increasing.
  - (a) Might it have an upper bound?
  - (b) Might it have a lower bound?
  - (c) Must it have an upper bound?
  - (d) Must it have a lower bound?
5. Suppose that  $a_n \rightarrow a$  and  $b_n \rightarrow b$ . Prove
  - (i) The Sum Rule:  $a_n + b_n \rightarrow a + b$ .
  - (ii) The Product Rule:  $a_n \cdot b_n \rightarrow a \cdot b$
  - (iii) The Quotient Rule: If  $b_n \neq 0$  and  $b \neq 0$ ,  $\frac{a_n}{b_n} \rightarrow \frac{a}{b}$ .
6. Find the limit of the sequences defined below
  - (a)  $\frac{7n^2+8}{4n^2-3n}$
  - (b)  $\frac{2^n+1}{2^n-1}$
  - (c)  $\frac{(\sqrt{n}+3)(\sqrt{n}-2)}{4\sqrt{n}-5n}$
  - (d)  $\frac{1+2+\dots+n}{n^2}$